UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT EASTERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,

: CR-08-546 (KAM)

v.

: September 3, 2008

JOSEPH CALCATERRA,

Brooklyn, New York

Defendant: :

----X

TRANSCRIPT OF CRIMINAL CAUSE FOR PLEADING BEFORE THE HONORABLE KIYO A. MATSUMOTO UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE

APPEARANCES:

For the Government: ROSLYNN R. MAUSKOPF, ESQ.

UNITED STATES ATTORNEY

BY: NICOLE ARGENTIERI, ESQ.

ASSISTANT U.S. ATTORNEY 225 Cadman Plaza East

Brooklyn, New York 11201

For the Defendant: SALVATORE STRAZZULLO, ESQ.

Audio Operator:

Court Transcriber: ARIA TRANSCRIPTIONS

c/o Elizabeth Barron

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Nyack, New York 10960

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Proceedings recorded by electronic sound recording, transcript produced by transcription service

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THE CLERK: Criminal cause for arraignment and
 1
    pleading. 08-CR-546, USA versus Joseph Calcaterra. Please
 2
 3
    state your appearances for the record.
              MS. ARGENTIERI: Nicole Argentieri for the United
 4
    States. Good afternoon, your Honor.
 5
              THE COURT: Good afternoon.
 6
 7
              MR. STRAZZULLO: Good afternoon, your Honor.
    Salvatore Strazzullo, Strazzullo Law Firm, on behalf of the
 8
 9
    defendant, Joseph Calcaterra.
              THE COURT: Good afternoon. Good afternoon, Mr.
10
11
    Calcaterra.
              THE DEFENDANT: Good afternoon.
12
13
              THE COURT: Sir, do you speak and understand
14
    English without difficulty?
15
              THE DEFENDANT: Yes.
              THE COURT: I'd like you to raise your right hand
16
17
    and take an oath to tell the truth, please.
              (Defendant is sworn)
18
19
              THE COURT: Alright, have a seat, Sir.
    Calcaterra, before deciding whether to accept your quilty
20
21
    plea, there are a number of questions that I must ask you to
22
    assure myself that your plea is valid.
              If you do not understand one of my questions or
2.3
24
    need clarification, please let me know. Do you understand,
25
    Sir, that having been sworn, your answers to my questions
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are subject to penalties of perjury or of making false
1
    statements if you do not answer truthfully?
 2
              THE DEFENDANT:
 3
              THE COURT: Sir, would you state your full name
 4
 5
    for the record, please?
                             My name is Joseph Calcaterra.
 6
              THE DEFENDANT:
 7
              THE COURT:
                          Mr. Calcaterra, how old are you?
              THE DEFENDANT:
                               Thirty-seven.
 8
                         And, Mr. Calcaterra, would you tell
 9
              THE COURT:
    the Court what schooling or education you have had?
10
11
              THE DEFENDANT: Starting from elementary school?
12
              THE COURT: Well, how far did you go in school,
13
    Sir?
14
              THE DEFENDANT: John Adams High School. Dropped
15
    out in twelfth grade.
              THE COURT: Alright. Sir, have you been able to
16
17
    communicate with your counsel in English?
              THE DEFENDANT:
18
                             Yes.
19
              THE COURT: Do you have any difficulty speaking or
    reading English?
20
21
              THE DEFENDANT: Not at all.
22
              THE COURT: Are you presently or have you recently
23
    been under the care of any physician or psychiatrist?
              THE DEFENDANT: No, I have not.
24
25
              THE COURT:
                          In the past twenty-four hours have you
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taken any narcotic drugs, medicine or pills or consumed any
1
    alcoholic beverages?
 2
              THE DEFENDANT: No, I have not.
              THE COURT: Have you ever been hospitalized or
 4
 5
    treated for any alcohol or narcotic addiction?
              THE DEFENDANT: No, I have not.
 6
 7
              THE COURT:
                         Have you ever been treated for any
 8
    mental or emotional problems?
 9
              THE DEFENDANT:
                              No.
10
              THE COURT: Is your mind clear now, Sir?
              THE DEFENDANT:
11
                              Yes.
12
              THE COURT: Do you understand what is going on in
13
    this proceeding?
14
              THE DEFENDANT:
                               Yes.
15
              THE COURT: Mr. Calcaterra, have you been
16
    furnished with a copy of the charges against you in the case
17
    08-0546?
              THE DEFENDANT:
18
                               Yes.
              THE COURT: Mr. Calcaterra, the information in
19
20
    this case charges that on or about and between September,
21
    2004 and May, 2005, those dates being approximate and
22
    inclusive, within the Eastern District of New York, Joseph
2.3
    Calcaterra, together with others, knowingly and
24
    intentionally conspired to make extortionate extensions of
    credit to John Doe, an individual whose name or identity is
25
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known to the United States Attorney. That information

charges a federal violation, a felony violation, of criminal

code Title 18 USC Section 892(a) and 3551 and following.

Sir, do you understand that charge?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes.

2.3

THE COURT: Mr. Calcaterra, you do have a constitutional right to be charged by an indictment of the grand jury. But you can waive that right and consent to being charged by information of the United States Attorney.

Instead of an indictment, the felony charge against you has been brought by the United States Attorney by the filing of an information.

Unless you waive your right to be indicted, you may not be charged with a felony under federal law unless a grand jury finds by return of the indictment that there is probable cause to believe that a crime has been committed and that you committed that crime.

If you do not waive indictment, the government may present its case to the grand jury and request the grand jury to indict you.

A grand jury is composed of at least sixteen and not more than 23 persons who are citizens of the Eastern District of New York. They're not employees of the Court or of the government.

At least twelve of those grand jurors must find

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that there is probable cause to believe that you committed a
1
    crime with which you are charged before you may be indicted.
 2
    The grand jury might or might not actually indict you.
              If you waive indictment by the grand jury, the
 4
 5
    case will proceed against you on the U.S. Attorney's
    information just as though you had been indicted.
 6
 7
              Do you understand, Sir?
              THE DEFENDANT:
                               Yes.
 8
              THE COURT: Have you discussed the matter of
 9
    waiving your right to be indicted by a grand jury with your
10
11
    attorney?
              THE DEFENDANT:
12
                               Yes.
13
              THE COURT: Do you understand that you do have the
14
    right to be indicted, Sir?
15
              THE DEFENDANT: Yes.
16
              THE COURT: Do you wish to waive your right to
17
    indictment by a grand jury?
              THE DEFENDANT: Yes.
18
19
              THE COURT: Have any threats or promises been made
    to induce you to waive your right to be indicted?
20
21
              THE DEFENDANT:
                               No.
22
              THE COURT: Counsel, do you see any reason why Mr.
    Calcaterra should not waive indictment in this case?
2.3
24
              MR. STRAZZULLO: No, your Honor.
              THE COURT: Alright, Mr. Calcaterra, I have before
25
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me a document entitled "Waiver of Indictment". I'd like to
1
    ask you, Sir, whether you've had an opportunity to read that
 2
    document and discuss the terms of this document with your
    attorney?
 4
              THE DEFENDANT: Yes, I have read it.
 5
              THE COURT: Do you understand what this document
 6
 7
    provides, Sir?
 8
              THE DEFENDANT:
              THE COURT: Did you have an opportunity to sign
 9
    this document in open court?
10
11
              THE DEFENDANT: Yes, I have.
12
              THE COURT:
                         Is that your signature on the
13
    document, Sir?
14
              THE DEFENDANT: Yes, it is.
15
              THE COURT:
                         Alright. The Court finds that Mr.
16
    Calcaterra has knowingly and voluntarily waived his right to
17
    indictment and the Court will accept Mr. Calcaterra's waiver
    of his right to be indicted.
18
              Sir, I've discussed with you and have basically
19
20
    arraigned you on the information brought by the United
21
    States Attorney.
22
              Do you understand the charge as I have discussed
2.3
    it with you?
24
              THE DEFENDANT:
                               Yes.
25
              THE COURT: Would you like me to read verbatim the
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1
    information or do you waive formal reading?
              MR. STRAZZULLO: Your Honor, on behalf of my
 2
 3
    client, so waived.
              THE COURT: Alright. Do you have any questions
 4
 5
    about the charge, Sir?
              THE DEFENDANT: No, I do not.
 6
 7
              THE COURT: Counsel, have you discussed the matter
 8
    of pleading guilty with your client?
 9
              MR. STRAZZULLO: Yes, your Honor.
              THE COURT: Does Mr. Calcaterra understand the
10
11
    rights that he would be waiving if he were to plead guilty?
12
              MR. STRAZZULLO: Yes, he does, your Honor.
13
              THE COURT:
                          Is Mr. Calcaterra, in your opinion,
14
    capable of understanding the nature of the proceedings we
15
    are holding right now?
16
              MR. STRAZZULLO: Yes, your Honor.
17
              THE COURT: Do you have any doubt as to whether or
    not Mr. Calcaterra is competent to plead guilty at this
18
19
    time?
20
              MR. STRAZZULLO: No, your Honor.
              THE COURT: Have you advised Mr. Calcaterra of the
21
22
    maximum and minimum sentence and fine that could be imposed
2.3
    as a result of his guilty plea?
24
              MR. STRAZZULLO: I have, your Honor.
25
              THE COURT: Have you also discussed with Mr.
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Calcaterra how the sentencing guidelines may be considered
1
    in his case?
 2
              MR. STRAZZULLO: Yes, your Honor.
              THE COURT: Mr. Calcaterra, I'd like to remind you
 4
 5
    that you do have the right to be represented by counsel.
    You're here with your counsel today. And if you have any
 6
 7
    need to confer with your counsel at any time, just let me
    know. Alright, Sir?
 9
              THE DEFENDANT:
                              Yes.
10
              THE COURT: Have you had the chance to discuss
11
    your case with your counsel?
              THE DEFENDANT: Yes, I have.
12
13
              THE COURT: And are you satisfied to have your
14
    counsel represent you?
15
              THE DEFENDANT: Yes, I do, your Honor.
16
              THE COURT: Have you received a copy of the
17
    information in this case, Sir?
18
              THE DEFENDANT:
                             Yes.
19
              THE COURT: Do you have any questions about the
20
    charges set forth in the information?
21
              THE DEFENDANT:
                              No, I have no questions.
22
              THE COURT:
                         Mr. Calcaterra, you do have a right to
23
    plead not guilty to the information.
24
              Do you understand?
              THE DEFENDANT: Yes, I understand.
25
```

THE COURT: If you were to plead not guilty to the information, under the Constitution and laws of the United States you would be entitled to a speedy and public trial by a jury with the assistance of your attorney on the charges contained in the information, CR-08-546.

Do you understand?

2.3

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor.

THE COURT: At the trial, you would be presumed to be innocent. And the government would have to overcome that presumption and prove you guilty by competent evidence and beyond a reasonable doubt as to each and every one of the elements of the crime charged in the indictment.

You would not have to prove that you were innocent. If the government failed to prove you guilty beyond a reasonable doubt, the jury would have the duty to find you not guilty.

Do you understand?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor.

THE COURT: Sometimes juries do return verdicts of not guilty even though the jurors believe that the defendant on trial probably committed the crimes charged.

When a jury returns a not guilty verdict, they're not necessarily saying that they believe the defendant is innocent but they may be saying that they are not satisfied beyond a reasonable doubt that the government has proven

1 that the defendant is guilty. Do you understand the difference, Sir? 2 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, I do. 3 THE COURT: In the course of the trial, the 4 5 witnesses for the government would have to come to court and testify in your presence. And your attorney would have the 6 7 right to cross-examine those witnesses and to object to any of the evidence offered against you by the government. 9 Your attorney would have the right but not the 10 obligation to present evidence and witnesses on your behalf. 11 Do you understand? THE DEFENDANT: Yes, I do. 12 13 THE COURT: At the trial, while you would have the 14 right to testify if you chose to do so, you could not be 15 required to testify. Under the Constitution of the United States you 16 17 cannot be compelled to incriminate yourself. Thus, if you decided not to testify, I would instruct the jury that they 18 19 could not hold that against you. 20 Do you understand? 21 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, I do, your Honor. THE COURT: If you plead guilty and I accept your 22 23 plea, you will be giving up your constitutional right to a 24 jury trial and all the other rights that I've just described. 25

There will be no further trial of any kind and no right to appeal from the judgement of guilty. You will essentially be convicted based upon your plea of guilty during the proceeding we are having right now.

And the prosecution will be free of any responsibility to prove anything about what you did in connection with the crime charged in the information.

Do you understand?

2.3

THE DEFENDANT: Yes.

THE COURT: If you were to proceed to a trial and were convicted by the jury's verdict, you would have the right to ask the Court of Appeals to review the legality of all of the proceedings leading up to your conviction.

But when you enter a guilty plea, you are substituting your own words for the jury's verdict. And when you do that, you give up your right to bring an appeal or other legal challenge to your conviction or the judgement of guilt entered against you.

Do you understand?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, I do, your Honor.

THE COURT: If you plead guilty, I will have to ask you questions about what you did in order to satisfy myself that you are, in fact, guilty of the charge to which you seek to plead guilty.

You will have to answer my questions truthfully

```
and acknowledge your guilt. Thus, you will be giving up
1
    your right not to incriminate yourself.
 2
              Do you understand?
              THE DEFENDANT:
 4
                              Yes.
              THE COURT: Are you willing to give up your right
 5
    to a trial and the other rights I've just discussed with
 6
 7
    you?
              THE DEFENDANT:
                              Yes.
              THE COURT: Alright. And I just want to make
 9
10
           I saw you look at your counsel, Sir. Do you, on your
11
    own, wish to give up your right to a trial and the other
12
    rights I've just discussed?
13
              THE DEFENDANT: Yes.
14
              THE COURT: Alright. I understand that Mr.
15
    Calcaterra and the government have entered into an agreement
    which we've marked as Court Exhibit number one.
16
17
              I'd like to ask you, Mr. Calcaterra, whether your
18
    signature appears on the last page above the line that says
19
    Joseph Calcaterra, defendant?
20
              THE DEFENDANT: Yes, it is my signature.
21
              THE COURT: Mr. Calcaterra, before signing this
22
    document, did you have a chance to read it and to discuss
    the terms of this document with your attorney?
2.3
24
              THE DEFENDANT: Yes, I have.
25
              THE COURT:
                         Do you understand what this document
```

1 provides, Sir? THE DEFENDANT: Yes, I do. 2 THE COURT: By signing this document, do you 3 intend to indicate both that you understand the document and 4 5 you agree to the terms? THE DEFENDANT: Yes, I agree to the terms, your 6 7 Honor. THE COURT: Alright. And you understand what the 8 9 document provides, Sir? 10 THE DEFENDANT: Yes. THE COURT: Alright, Sir, do you have any 11 questions about the charge to which you intend to plead 12 13 quilty? 14 THE DEFENDANT: No. 15 THE COURT: Alright, let me then inform you of the maximum sentence and fine that could be imposed as a result 16 17 of your guilty plea. Those are found at paragraph one of 18 your agreement. 19 You face a maximum term of imprisonment of 20 20 A minimum term of imprisonment of zero years. 21 face a maximum supervised release term of five years which 22 would follow any term of imprisonment. While you are on supervised release, the Probation 2.3 24 Department will have the authority to supervise your activities and to require that you report to your officer 25

about your activities. 1 If you fail to comply with the terms of your 2 3 supervised release, you could be sentenced to prison for up to three years without any credit for any time you may have 4 already served in prison as a result of your conviction and 5 without any credit for time you may have already served on 6 7 supervised release. Do you understand? THE DEFENDANT: 9 Yes. THE COURT: You also face a maximum fine of 10 \$250,000 and a restitution judgement in an amount to be 11 determined at your sentencing. 12 13 The government will be presenting evidence about 14 restitution and your attorney will have the opportunity to 15 review that presentation and to present your own views about restitution. 16 17 In addition, you will face a mandatory \$100 special assessment which generally must be paid by the time 18 19 you are sentenced. 20 Do you understand, Sir? 21 THE DEFENDANT: Yes. 22 THE COURT: I just want to also confirm that Mr.

MS. ARGENTIERI: That's the government's

deportation or removal from the United States.

Calcaterra is a U.S. citizen and, therefore, not subject to

2.3

24

25

1 understanding. MR. STRAZZULLO: Yes, your Honor. 2 THE COURT: Alright. In addition, Mr. Calcaterra, 3 I'd like to advise you that under the Sentencing Reform Act 4 5 of 1984, the United States Sentencing Commission has issued quidelines for judges to follow in determining a sentence in 6 7 a criminal case. The Supreme Court has decided that those 9 sentencing quidelines are not mandatory but rather advisory. The sentencing guidelines provide a range of sentence within 10 the statutory minimum and statutory maximum. 11 I will be considering those guidelines as well as 12 13 factors set forth in Title 18 USC Section 3553 in 14 determining your sentence. Your agreement at paragraph two 15 advises you that those sentencing quidelines are not 16 mandatory but rather advisory. 17 In addition, paragraph two of your agreements sets forth the government's estimated adjusted offense level as a 18 19 level 14 which carries a sentencing range of imprisonment of 20 between 15 to 21 months. 21 Have you spoken with your attorney about this 22 provision of your agreement, Sir? THE DEFENDANT: Yes, I have, your Honor. 2.3 24 THE COURT: Have you also discussed with your attorney how the sentencing quidelines may be considered in 25

1 your case? Yes, I have. 2 THE DEFENDANT: THE COURT: In addition, Mr. Calcaterra, I'd like 3 to advise you that paragraph four of your agreement provides 4 5 that you agree you will not file an appeal or challenge to your sentence or conviction if I impose a sentence of 21 6 7 months or less. Do you understand that you are waiving your right 8 9 to appeal any sentence of 21 months or less? 10 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor. 11 Do you also understand that I will not THE COURT: 12 be able to determine your sentence until after the Probation 13 Department prepares what is called a presentence report and 14 you and your attorney are given the opportunity to review 15 that report and to object to any of the facts reported by 16 the Probation Department? 17 THE DEFENDANT: Yes. THE COURT: Do you also understand that after I do 18 19 consider the sentencing guidelines, that I will have 20 authority to impose a sentence that is more or less severe 21 than that called for by the sentencing guidelines? 22 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor. 2.3 THE COURT: Do you also understand that parole has 24 been abolished? And if you are sentenced to prison you will 25 not be released on parole.

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THE DEFENDANT:
                               I understand.
1
              THE COURT:
                          Let me ask counsel for Mr. Calcaterra,
 2
 3
    Mr. Strazzullo, do you agree with the government's estimated
    offense level and estimated guideline range?
 4
 5
              MR. STRAZZULLO: Yes, I do, your Honor.
              THE COURT:
                         Mr. Calcaterra, I'd like you to
 6
 7
    understand that even though your attorney does agree with
    the government's estimated offense level and quideline
    range, that those estimates could be incorrect.
              And that if they are deemed incorrect or if I
10
11
    impose a sentence other than what you and your attorney and
    the government have estimated, that that will not be a basis
12
13
    for your to withdraw your plea.
14
              Do you understand, Sir?
15
              THE DEFENDANT:
                               Yes, I do understand.
16
              THE COURT:
                         Alright, Sir. I will have a right to
17
    accept your plea based upon the record of the proceeding we
    are holding right now without hearing anything more from
18
19
    you.
20
              And if I do accept your plea, you may not,
21
    thereafter, change your mind.
22
              Do you understand?
              THE DEFENDANT:
2.3
                               Yes.
24
                          Do you have any questions that you
              THE COURT:
25
    would like to ask me about the charges or about your rights
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or any other matters relating to this proceeding?
1
              THE DEFENDANT: No questions, your Honor.
 2
              THE COURT: Are you ready to plead, Sir?
 3
              THE DEFENDANT: I plead quilty.
 4
              THE COURT: Alright, Sir. Let me ask Mr.
 5
    Strazzullo, do you know of any reason why Mr. Calcaterra
 6
 7
    should not plead guilty?
 8
              MR. STRAZZULLO: No, your Honor.
              THE COURT: Are you aware of any viable legal
 9
10
    defenses that are causing you to counsel your client not to
11
    proceed with his quilty plea?
              MR. STRAZZULLO: No, your Honor.
12
13
              THE COURT: Mr. Calcaterra, you stated that you
14
    wish to plead guilty. Is that correct?
15
              THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor, that's correct.
16
              THE COURT: Are you making the plea of guilty
17
    voluntarily and of your own free will?
18
              THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor.
19
              THE COURT: Has anyone threatened you or forced
20
    you to plead guilty?
21
              THE DEFENDANT:
                               No, no one has.
22
              THE COURT: Has anyone made any promises that have
23
    caused you to plead guilty, Sir?
24
              THE DEFENDANT:
                              No.
25
              THE COURT: Has anyone made any promise to you
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1
    about what your sentence will be?
              THE DEFENDANT:
                              No.
 2
              THE COURT: At this time, Mr. Calcaterra, I'd like
 3
    you to state in your own words what you did in connection
 4
 5
    with the acts charged in the information.
              THE DEFENDANT: Between September, 2004 and May,
 6
 7
    2005, I agreed with others to commit extortionate extension
    of credit in Oueens where the interest rate of the loan was
 9
    more than 45 percent annual and it was reasonable for the
10
    borrower to believe non-payment could be punishable with
11
    extortionate means.
              THE COURT: Alright, Sir, and did you knowingly
12
13
    and intentionally make this agreement with other people to
14
    extend this extortionate credit to this individual?
15
              THE DEFENDANT: Yes, I did.
              THE COURT: And you said you did this in Queens,
16
17
    New York? Is that correct, Sir?
18
              THE DEFENDANT: Yes, it is.
19
                          Alright. Let me just ask the
              THE COURT:
20
    government if there's anything else they would like to hear
21
    from Mr. Calcaterra in connection with his plea allocution?
22
              MS. ARGENTIERI: Yes, your Honor, just that the
    extension of credit was made.
2.3
24
              THE COURT: Did you, in fact, make the
    extortionate extension of credit to this individual, Sir?
25
```

THE DEFENDANT: 1 Yes. MS. ARGENTIERI: That was sufficient, your Honor. 2 THE COURT: Alright, let me just ask counsel for 3 the defendant. Sir, is there anything you would like to add 4 to your client's allocution? 5 MR. STRAZZULLO: No, your Honor. 6 7 THE COURT: Mr. Calcaterra, based upon the information given to me, I find that you're acting 8 9 voluntarily, that you fully understand the rights and the 10 consequences of your plea and that there is a factual basis 11 for your plea of quilty to the information. 12 I will, therefore, accept your plea of guilty to 13 the information. I would urge you to cooperate with the 14 Probation Department in the preparation of your presentence 15 report. I'd like to advise you that we have scheduled your 16 17 sentencing date for December 3, 2008 at 11:00 am. 18 addition, I'd like to advise you, Sir, that you can appeal 19 your conviction if you believe that your guilty plea during 20 this proceeding was somehow unlawful or involuntary or there 21 is some other fundamental defect in the proceeding that was 22 not waived by your quilty plea. 2.3 You have a statutory right to appeal your sentence 24 under certain circumstances if you think your sentence is

contrary to law. However, you may waive and have waived

25

```
1
    some of those rights as part of your agreement with the
    government.
 2
              Such waivers are generally enforceable, but if you
 3
    believe that the waiver is not enforceable, you may present
 4
 5
    your arguments to the appellate court.
              With few exceptions, any notice of appeal must be
 6
 7
    filed within ten days of judgement being entered in your
    case.
              If you cannot pay the cost of an appeal, you may
 9
    apply for leave to file an appeal in forma pauperis. And,
10
11
    if you request, the clerk of the Court will prepare and file
12
    a notice of appeal on your behalf.
13
              That, again, is, you know, to occur if at your
14
    option after sentence and judgement is entered.
              Have we addressed the issue of bail for Mr.
15
16
    Calcaterra or has it been addressed previously?
17
              MS. ARGENTIERI: It has been addressed previously,
18
    your Honor.
              THE COURT: It has been?
19
20
              MR. STRAZZULLO: Yes.
21
              MS. ARGENTIERI: Yes, your Honor. I did initial
22
    on the complaint.
                          Alright. Alright, the Court will
2.3
              THE COURT:
24
    continue the conditions of release for Mr. Calcaterra until
25
    the time of sentencing.
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1
              I just didn't see a record of that in the docket
    before me.
 2
 3
              MS. ARGENTIERI: Yes, your Honor. He was
    arraigned on May 23<sup>rd</sup> before Judge Mann.
 4
              THE COURT: Okay.
 5
              MS. ARGENTIERI: And he was released on bond.
 6
 7
    was a $20,000 bond secured by, I believe, by the signature
    of his mother and her home.
 9
              MR. STRAZZULLO: It was on the mom's home, your
10
    Honor.
              THE COURT: Alright, very well. Those conditions
11
    will be continued.
12
13
              MR. STRAZZULLO: Yes, your Honor.
14
              THE COURT: Assuming that the mother continues to
15
    agree to serve as a suretor for him.
              MR. STRAZZULLO: Your Honor, there's just one more
16
17
    matter, if I may?
18
              THE COURT: Yes.
              MR. STRAZZULLO: My client will be attending a
19
20
    wedding in New Hampshire this weekend with his girlfriend.
21
    I've spoken to Mrs. Argentieri, she has no objection to it.
22
    And Probation has no objection to it.
              THE COURT: Pretrial Services?
2.3
24
              MR. STRAZZULLO: Yes.
              THE COURT: Alright, the only thing I would ask,
25
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Mr. Calcaterra, is that you provide to your Pretrial
1
2
    Services officer the information where you will be staying
3
    this weekend and when you return back to New York on Monday
4
    or Sunday --
              THE DEFENDANT: Sunday.
5
              THE COURT: Sunday you report on Monday to your
6
    officer that you're back. Just by telephone that you're
7
    back in the, you know, the district.
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9
              MR. STRAZZULLO: Thank you, Judge.
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              THE COURT: Alright, okay. Thank you.
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18	I certify that the foregoing is a correct transcript
19	from the electronic sound recording of the proceedings in
20	the above-entitled matter.
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22	
23	Smo _
24	
25	ELIZABETH BARRON October 8, 2008